Efficacy of Nipocalimab in Open-Label Extension in Patients Transitioned from Placebo: Results from Vivacity-MG3 Trial

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DISCLOSURES

Wim Noel

• An employee of Johnson & Johnson and may hold stocks/stock options in Johnson & Johnson

INTRODUCTION

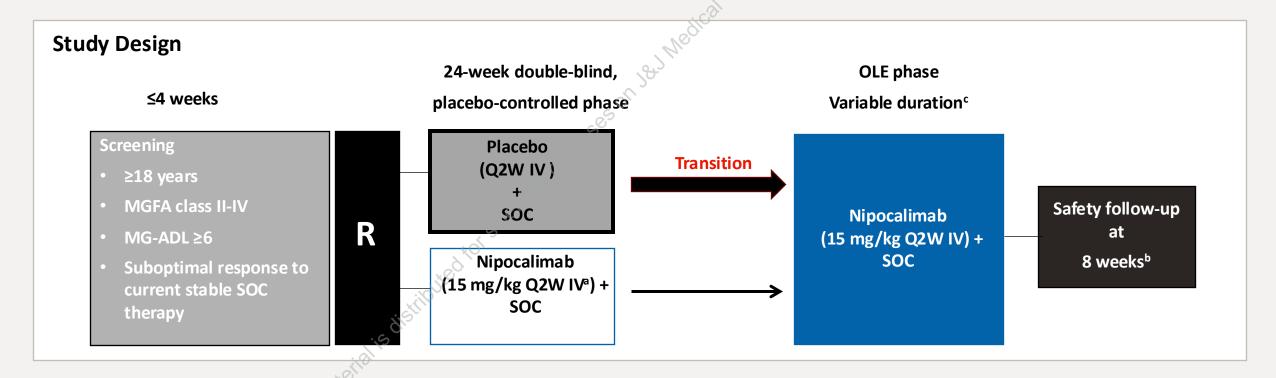
- Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) is a rare chronic condition characterized by muscle weakness caused by autoantibody-mediated disruption of neurotransmission that severely affects the daily functioning and health-related quality of life^{1,2}
- **Vivacity-MG3 study:** A 24-week, phase 3, randomized, double-blind (DB) study evaluated efficacy and safety of nipocalimab, a monoclonal antibody that blocks FcRn to reduce levels of circulating IgG antibodies, added to standard-of-care (SOC) vs placebo+SOC in patients with gMG³
 - The findings from this study supported the recent U.S. FDA approval of nipocalimab⁴ and is under EMA/CHMP review
- Patients on placebo+SOC in the DB phase of Vivacity-MG3 could transition to receive nipocalimab+SOC in the ongoing open-label extension (OLE) phase up to Week 24

^{1.} Gilhus NE, et al. Myasthenia gravis. Nat Rev Dis Primers. 2019;5:30. 2. Dresser L, et al. J Clin Med. 2021;10:2235. 3. Antozzi C, et al. Lancet Neurol. 2025;24(2):105–116. 4. IMAAVYTM (nipocalimab-aahu) injection for intravenous use [Package Insert] Horsham, PA; Janssen Pharmaceutical Companies, 2025.

OBJECTIVE & STUDY DESING



Objective: To assess the efficacy **of nipocalimab+SOC** in OLE phase in patients **transitioned from placebo+SOC** arm of DB phase of the Vivacity-MG3 study



aAll patients received the loading dose of nipocalimab 30 mg/kg at Weeek 0 and then started Nipocalimab 15 mg/kg Q2W IV from week 2 to week 24; Participants who withdraw or discontinue after receiving any amount of study intervention are required to complete a safety follow-up visit 8 wks after their last dose; In the EU, the OLE phase will be up to 240 wks.

METHODS - Assessments based on MG-ADL and QMG



Assessments

Improvement in MG-ADL and QMG total score from OLE baseline

- Mean changes in MG-ADL and QMG scores
 - Within-group mean changes were examined using paired t-test
- Proportion of patients achieving MCI (≥2-point improvement^{1,2} in MG-ADL total score [MG-ADL-2])
- Proportion of patients achieving MSE (MG-ADL score of 0 or 1)
- Proportion of patients with sustained MCI and MSE for ≥8 weeks)
- Percentage of time spent in MCI and MSE

RESULTS – Population

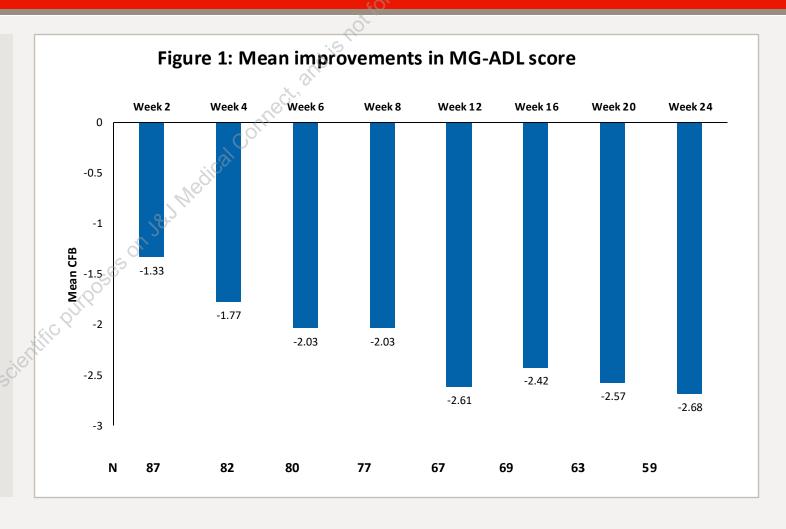


Analysis population and exposure

- Overall, 98 patients from placebo+SOC arm of DB phase were transitioned to nipocalimab+SOC arm in OLE. OLE efficacy analysis set included 88 patients
- Data were collected up to OLE Week 24 (cutoff: 23-August-2024)
- The mean (SD) duration of nipocalimab exposure was: 36.1 (23.05) weeks, n=88
 - 68.2% patients had nipocalimab exposure for ≥6 months
 - 29.5% patients had nipocalimab exposure for ≥12 months

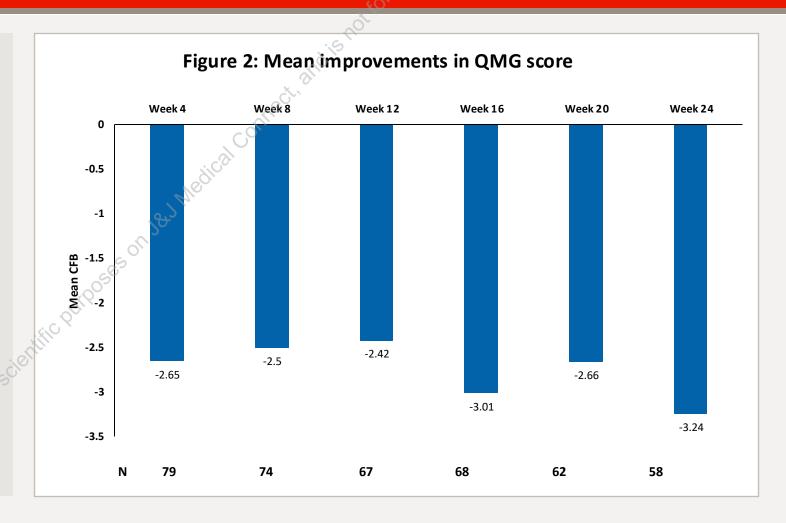
RESULTS – Improvements in MG-ADL score

- Mean (SD) MG-ADL score at OLE baseline^a: 6.33 (3.37)
- Improvements in MG-ADL score were observed as early as OLE Week 2 (Figure 1)
- Mean (SD) CFB in MG-ADL score:
 - **Week 2:** −1.33 (2.13), p<0.001
 - Week 24: -2.68 (3.26), p<0.001



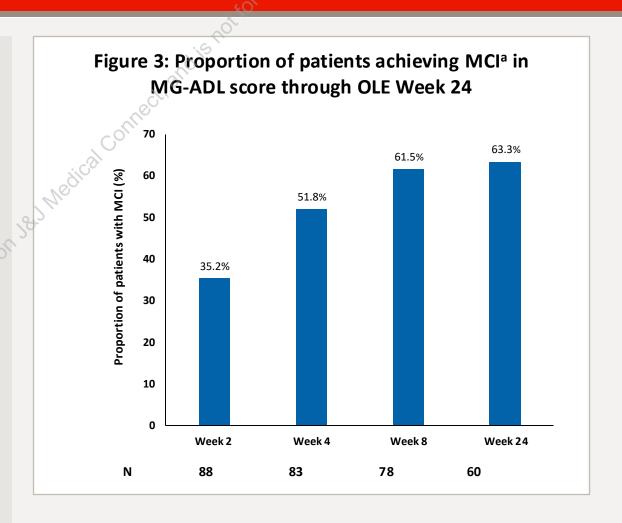
RESULTS – Improvements in QMG score

- Mean (SD) QMG score at OLE baseline^a:
 13.47 (5.70)
- Improvements in QMG score were observed as early as OLE Week 4 (Figure 2)
- Mean (SD) CFB in QMG score:
 - Week 4: -2.65 (3.95), p<0.001</p>
 - Week 24: -3.24 (4.95), p<0.001



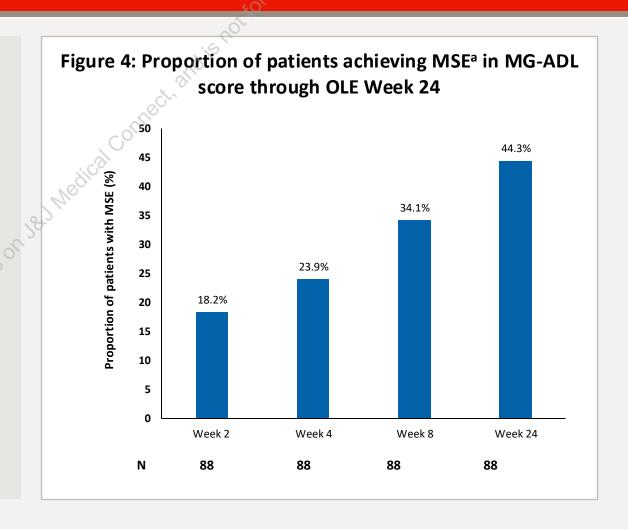
RESULTS - Proportion of patients achieving and sustaining MCI

- At OLE Week 24, **63.3% of patients achieved MCI** in MG-ADL (MG-ADL-2) (**Figure 3**)
 - Earliest week MCI (mean [SD]) occurred at 5.1 (4.99)
 week
 - Sustained MCI for ≥8 weeks: 51.1% of patients
- Percentage of time with MCI
 - Mean (SD) percentage of time^b with MCI up to OLE
 Week 24: 40.7 (38.7)%
 - ≥50% study time with MCI, n (%): 39 (44.3%) patients
 - ≥75% study time with MCI, n (%): 30 (34.1%) patients



RESULTS - Proportion of patients achieving and sustaining MSE

- At OLE Week 24, 44.3% of patients achieved MSE
 in MG-ADL (MG-ADL=0 or 1) (Figure 4)
 - Earliest week MSE (mean [SD]) occurred at 7.4
 (7.37) week
 - Sustained MSE for ≥8 weeks: 22.7% of patients
- Percentage of time with MSE
 - Mean (SD) percentage of time^b with MSE up to
 OLE Week 24: 17.6 (31.06)%
 - ≥50% study time with MSE, n (%): 15 (17%)
 patients



CONCLUSIONS



Placebo+SOC arm patients who transitioned to nipocalimab+SOC in OLE exhibited early and clinically meaningful improvements that were sustained up to OLE Week 24

OLE=Open-label extension; SOC=Standard-of-care.