

WHAT DO THESE RESULTS MEAN FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH LOW BODY SURFACE AREA, **MODERATE PSORIASIS?**

For individuals with low body surface area, moderate psoriasis, the study shows that treatment with **guselkumab** significantly improved their psoriasis. By Week 48, more than 60% of participants achieved meaningful improvements in psoriasis symptoms and quality of life.



WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THIS STUDY?

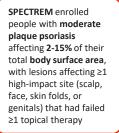
• The purpose of this study is to evaluate the long-term effectiveness of guselkumab (GUS) in improving patientreported outcomes for psoriasis through Week 48.



WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE STUDY AND **HOW WAS IT CONDUCTED?**

• The study involved 338 patients with psoriasis who were randomly divided into two groups. One group received guselkumab (GUS), and the other received placebo (PBO). The treatment lasted for 48 weeks, with follow-up until week 56.

SPECTREM Study Methods





Baseline Characteristics



GUS

11.4 Average DLQI **PBO**

11.9 Average DLQI

DLQI score range, 0-30; scores of 11-20 indicate very large effect of psoriasis on patients' live

	Avera	ge Psor	iasis Sy Stinging (0-10)	mptom: Burning (0-10)	s and Sign Skin Tight- ness (0-10)	ns Diary (PSSD) Scores at Baseline Total Score (0-100)
GUS	6.7	4.8	4.5	4.7	5.9	53
PBO	6.8	4.8	5.0	4.9	6.0	55

DLQI, Dermatology Life Quality Index; GUS, guselkumab; PBO, placebo; PSSD, Psoriasis Symptoms and Signs Diary.

SPECTREM: Effect of Guselkumab on Psoriasis Signs and Symptoms Through Week 48 in Participants with Low BSA, Moderate Psoriasis

April W. Armstrong, Brad P. Glick, David N. Adam, Jennifer Beecker, Virginie Kelly, James Krell, Theodore Alkousakis, Daphne Chan, Katelyn Rowland, Jenny Jeyarajah, Virginie Kelly, James Krell, Theodore Alkousakis, Daphne Chan, Katelyn Rowland, Jenny Jeyarajah, Virginie Kelly, David N. Adam, Adam, Jenny Jeyarajah, Virginie Kelly, David N. Adam, Adam, Jenny Jeyarajah, Daphne Chan, Daphne Chan, Chan, Chan, Daphne Chan, Lorne Albrecht, 8,9 Richard G. Langley 10

Department of Dermatology, University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA), Los Angeles, CA, USA; ²Larkin Community Hospital, Miami, FL, USA; ³University of Toronto, Probity Medical Research, and CCA Medical Research, Toronto, ON, Canada; ⁴University of Ottawa and The Ottawa Hospital Research Institute, Ottawa, ON, Canada; Saint-Louis Medical Clinic, Quebec City, QC, Canada; Gotal Skin & Beauty Dermatology Center, Birmingham, AL, USA; Johnson & Johnson, Horsham, PA, USA; Enverus Medical Research, Surrey, BC, Canada; University of British

WHAT WERE THE RESULTS?

The study showed participants experienced significant reductions in symptoms like itching, pain, stinging, and burning, and more than 33% who received GUS had no symptoms (PSSD=0) at Week 48

54

17

Week 16

Participants Achieving DLQI of 0 or 1

AT WEEK 16

49% of **GUS-treated** participants

> achieved DLQI of 0 or 1

vs 4% with PBO

AT WEEK 48

MORE THAN 60%

of participants achieved DLQI of 0 or 1

Guselkumab An anti-IL-23p19 monoclonal antibody used to treat psoriasis



Achievement of DLQI 0 or 1 indicates that psoriasis is not affecting patients' quality of life

Mean PSSD Symptoms Scores **PSSD** individual symptom score is graded on a scale from **TOTAL SCORE** (Combination of itch, pain, stinging, burning, and skin tightness scores)

Pain score

Stinging score

Burning score

Skin tightness



Least

severe

Score

Mean

At Week 48, PSSD individual symptom scores were meaningfully improved. More than 3 out of 10 participants receiving GUS achieved a PSSD total symptoms score of 0, indicating a complete absence of itch, pain, stinging, burning, and skin tightness.

Week 48

Glossary of terms Psoriasis A chronic skin condition characterized by red or purple, itchy, and scaly plaques Placebo A substance with no therapeutic effect used as a control **Dermatology Life Quality Index** A questionnaire used to measure the impact of skin disease or

High-impact sites Areas of the body such as the scalp, face, skin folds, and genitals When these areas are affected by psoriasis, the disease often has very large negative effects on patients' quality of life

(DLQI) patients' quality of life scored from 0 to 30

