Treatment of Plaque Psoriasis Involving High-Impact Areas with Icotrokinra, a Targeted Oral Peptide That Selectively Binds the Interleukin-23–Receptor: Results Through Week 16 of the Phase 3, Randomized, Double-blind, Placebo-Controlled ICONIC-TOTAL Trial

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Background

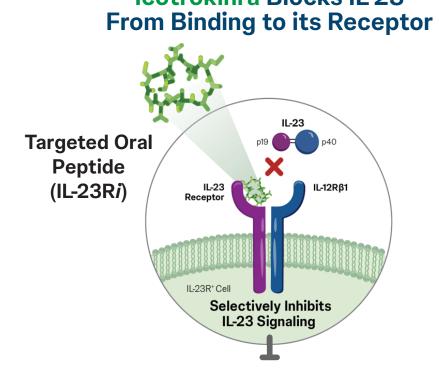
Icotrokinra for plaque psoriasis

- Patients with moderate-to-severe plaque psoriasis (PsO) are generally limited to injectable therapies to achieve high-level efficacy with a favorable safety profile
- Icotrokinra (ICO) is a first-in-class targeted oral peptide that:
- Selectively binds the interleukin (IL)-23 receptor and inhibits
 IL-23 pathway signaling¹
- Demonstrated significant skin clearance and no safety signals through 1 year in phase 2 PsO studies^{2,3} and through Week (W)24 in adults & adolescents with moderate-to-severe plaque PsO in the phase 3 ICONIC-LEAD study⁴

Objectives

The pivotal, phase 3 ICONIC-TOTAL study evaluated ICO in adults & adolescents with plaque PsO involving difficult-to-treat, high-impact sites, by employing a novel basket-like design; key clinical/patient-reported outcomes (PROs) and safety-related findings are reported through W16

Icotrokinra Blocks IL-23



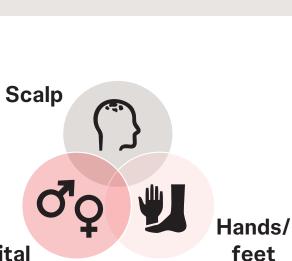
Inhibits IL-17A, IL-17F, IL-22, and IFN γ Production

IFNγ=Interferon gamma, IL-12Rβ1=Interleukin-12 receptor beta 1, IL-23R=Interleukin-23 receptor, IL-23Ri=Interleukin-23 receptor inhibitor

ICONIC-TOTAL: a novel basket-like design

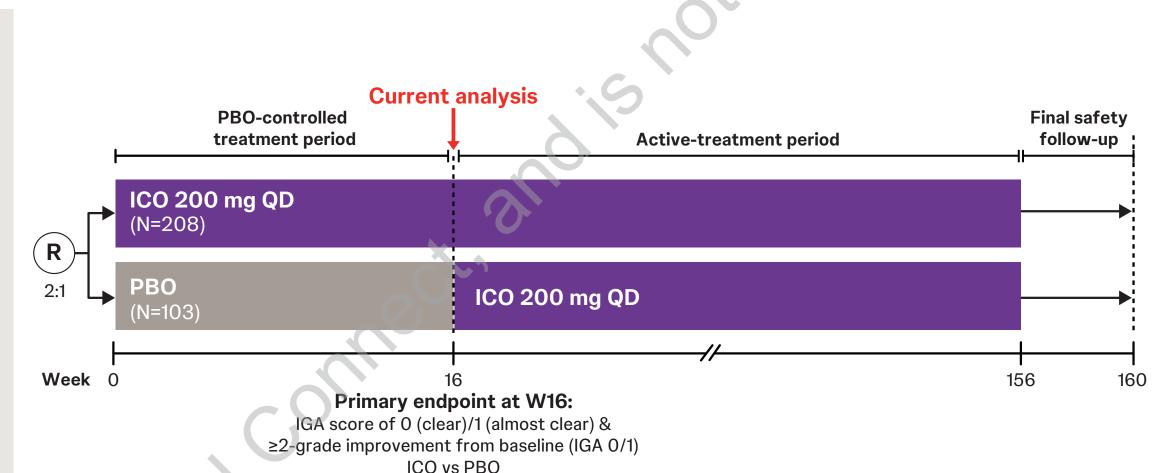
Key inclusion criteria

Adults & adolescents
with plaque PsO involving
high-impact sites evaluated
using a basket-like study
design (N=311)



- Plaque PsO for ≥26 weeks
 Body surface area (BSA) ≥1% and Investigator's
- Global Assessment (IGA) score ≥2

 At least moderate high-impact PsO involving ≥1
 site:
- Scalp PsO: scalp-specific IGA (ss-IGA)
 score ≥3
- Genital PsO: static Physician's Global Assessment of Genitalia (sPGA-G) score ≥3
- Hand/foot PsO: Physician's Global Assessment of hands and feet (hf-PGA) score ≥3
- Candidate for phototherapy or systemic treatment for plaque PsO and failed ≥1 topical



Participants (pts) with the following intercurrent events were considered as nonresponders: discontinued study drug due to a lack of efficacy or AE of worsening PsO or initiated prohibited medication that could impact PsO. After accounting for these intercurrent events, nonresponder imputation was applied to pts with missing data. **AE**=Adverse event, **ICO**=Icotrokinra, **IGA**=Investigator's Global Assessment, **PBO**=Placebo, **PsO**= Psoriasis, **QD**=Once daily, **R**=Randomization, **W**=Week

Key Takeaways



In ICONIC-TOTAL, a pivotal phase 3 study evaluating ICO in a diverse cohort of pts with plaque PsO and difficult-to-treat, high-impact site involvement:

- ✓ ICO demonstrated significantly higher rates of clear/almost clear skin, including in the scalp and genital areas, than PBO at W16
- ✓ ICO-treated pts achieved significantly higher PRO response rates, including meaningful improvements in the scalp and genital areas, vs PBO at W16
- ✓ Rates of AEs were generally similar in the ICO and PBO groups; no safety signal was identified through W16



**Multiplicity-adjusted P<0.01 vs PBO

ICONIC-TOTAL results complement those of the ongoing phase 3 ICONIC-LEAD study evaluating ICO in adults & adolescents with moderate-to-severe plaque PsO⁴

Results

Baseline characteristics were generally similar between groups

• Overall, 5% of pts (ICO: 4%: PBO: 9%) discontinued treatment through W16°

overall, 5% of pts (100. 4%, 1 bo. 5%) discontinued treatment through vv 10				
Baseline Characteristics		ICO 200 mg QD (N=208)	PBO (N=103)	
Demographics				
	Age, years Male White BMI, kg/m ²	45.3 (14.6) 66% 77% 29.0 (6.6) ^b	43.5 (13.8) 61% 80% 29.4 (8.1) ^b	
Disease Characte	ristics			
	PsO disease duration, years % BSA with PsO <10% ≥10% IGA score	16.8 (13.3) 16.6 (13.5) 36% 64%	15.2 (10.5) 14.8 (11.7) 37% 63%	
V	Moderate (3) Severe (4) PASI (0-72)	74% 22% 14.6 (7.6)	71% 21% 14.0 (7.0)	
Prior Treatment fo	or PsO			
=	Phototherapy (PUVA and UVB) Systemic therapy ^c Biologic therapy ^d	43% 73% 34%	31% 73% 31%	

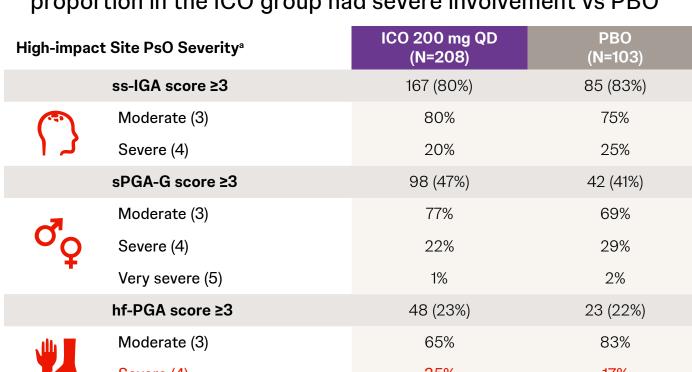
^aAmong the pts who discontinued treatment through W16 (ICO: n=8 [4%]; PBO: n=9 [9%]), the most common reasons for discontinuation were lack of efficacy and AEs in the ICO group (n=3 [1%] for each) and lack of efficacy in the PBO group (n=5 [5%]) Data shown are mean (SD), unless otherwise indicated. ^bICO: N=203; PBO: N=101. ^cConventional nonbiologic systemics, novel nonbiologic systemics, 1,25-vitamin D3 and analogues, phototherapy, and biologics. ^dAdalimumab, alefacept, briakinumab, brodalumab, certolizumab pegol, efalizumab, etanercept, guselkumab, infliximab, ixekizumab, natalizumab, risankizumab, secukinumab, tildrakizumab, and ustekinumab. **BMI**=Body mass index, **BSA**=Body surface area, **ICO**=Icotrokinra, **IGA**=Investigator's Global Assessment, **PASI**=Psoriasis Area and Severity Index, **PBO**=Placebo, **PsO**=Plaque psoriasis, **PUVA**=Psoralen plus ultraviolet A, **SD**=Standard deviation, **UVB**=Ultraviolet B, **QD**=Once daily, **W**=Week

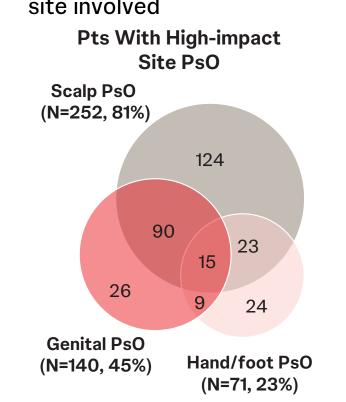
Scalp and genital PsO severity at baseline was generally similar between groups

Among the limited subset of pts with hf-PGA score ≥3, a higher • 44% of pts had >1 high-impact proportion in the ICO group had severe involvement vs PBO site involved

Data shown are n (%), unless otherwise indicated. aPsO involving high-impact sites was not mutually exclusive. ICO=Icotrokinra, hf-PGA=Physician's Global Assessment of hands and

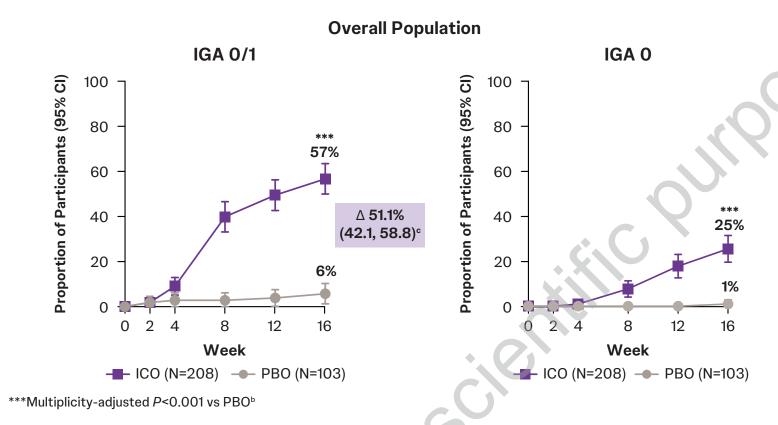
feet, ss-IGA=Scalp specific Investigator's Global Assessment, sPGA-G=Static Physician's Global Assessment of Genitalia, PBO=Placebo, PsO=Psoriasis, Pts=Patients,





ICO demonstrated significantly higher rates of IGA 0/1 vs PBO at W16 (primary endpoint)

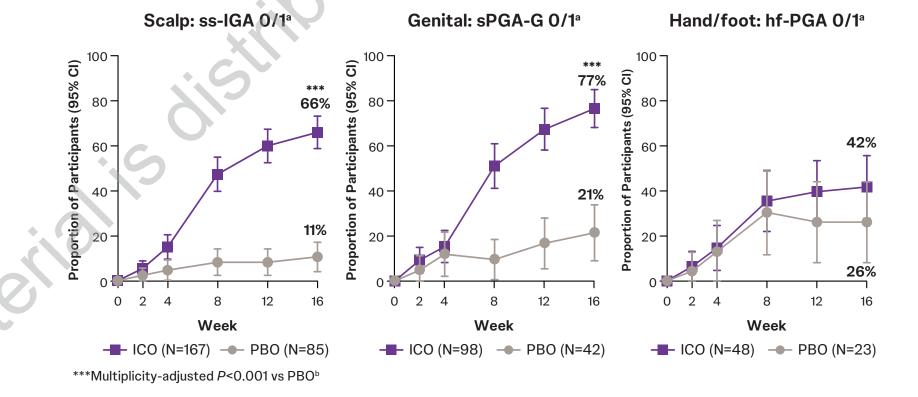
Significantly higher proportions of ICO-treated pts reported meaningful improvement in itch (Clinically meaningful improvement [CMI] Psoriasis Symptom and Sign Diary [PSSD] Itch,^{a,b} 60% vs 14%; *P*<0.001) and symptom resolution at W16 (PSSD Symptom 0,^{a,b} 16% vs 3%; *P*<0.01)



^aAmong pts with a baseline PSSD Itch score ≥4 or PSSD Symptom score >0. ^bP values were based on Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel chi-square test stratified by high-impact site involvement and BSA category, if applicable. ^cTreatment difference and 95% CI (using Miettinen-Nurminen method) were calculated adjusting for high-impact site involvement and BSA category using Mantel-Haenszel weights. **BSA**=Body surface area, **CI**=Confidence interval, **ICO**=Icotrokinra, **IGA**=Investigator's Global Assessment, **PBO**=Placebo, **PSSD**=Psoriasis Symptom and Sign Diary, **Pts**=Patients

ICO demonstrated significantly higher rates of clear/almost clear scalp and genital PsO vs PBO

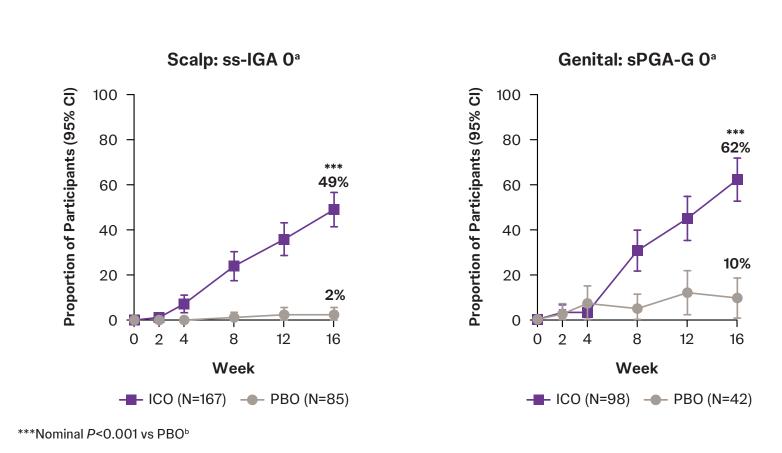
A numerically greater proportion of ICO-treated pts achieved hf-PGA 0/1 vs PBO at W16



*Among pts with a baseline ss-IGA score, sPGA-G score, or hf-PGA score ≥3. *P values were based on Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel chi-square test stratified by geographic region and/
or BSA category. **BSA**=Body surface area, **CI**=Confidence interval, **ICO**=Icotrokinra, **hf-PGA**=Physician's Global Assessment of hands and feet, **ss-IGA**=Scalp specific Investigator's
Global Assessment, **sPGA-G**=Static Physician's Global Assessment of Genitalia, **PBO**=Placebo, **Pts**=Patients

ICO demonstrated higher rates of completely clear scalp and genital PsO vs PBO

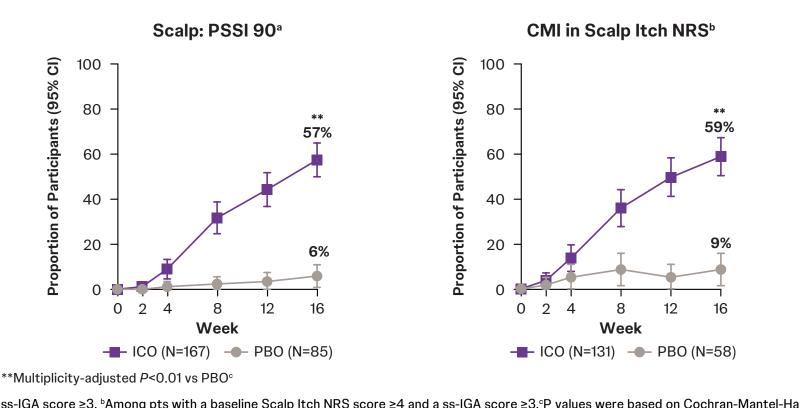
 A numerically greater proportion of ICO-treated pts achieved hf-PGA 0^a vs PBO at W16 (25% vs 13%)



^aAmong pts with a baseline ss-IGA score, sPGA-G score, or hf-PGA score ≥3. ^bP values were based on Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel chi-square test stratified by geographic region and/or BSA category. **BSA**=Body surface area, **CI**=Confidence interval, **ICO**=Icotrokinra, **hf-PGA**=Physician's Global Assessment of hands and feet, **ss-IGA**=Scalp specific Investigator's Global Assessment, **sPGA-G**=Static Physician's Global Assessment of Genitalia, **PBO**=Placebo, **Pts**=Patients

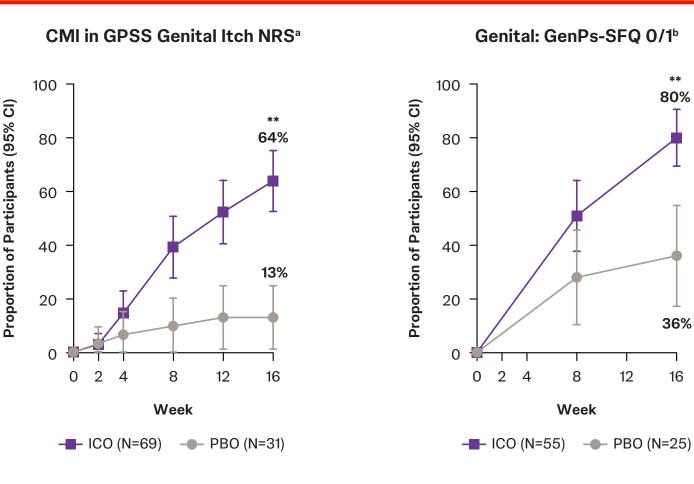
ICO demonstrated significantly higher rates of scalp clearance and meaningful improvement in scalp itch vs PBO

• ICO demonstrated early separation from PBO



^aAmong pts with a baseline ss-IGA score ≥3. ^bAmong pts with a baseline Scalp Itch NRS score ≥4 and a ss-IGA score ≥3. ^cP values were based on Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel chi-square test stratified by geographic region and BSA category. **BSA**=Body surface area; **CI**=Confidence interval, **CMI**=clinically meaningful improvement (≥4-point improvement from baseline), **ICO**=lcotrokinra, **NRS**=numeric rating scale, **ssIGA**=Scalp specific-Investigator's Global Assessment, **PBO**=Placebo, **PSSI**=Psoriasis Scalp Severity Index, **PSSI 90**=reduction

ICO significantly improved pt-reported genital PsO itch & impact of PsO on sexual activity vs PBO



^aAmong pts with a baseline GPSS Genital Itch NRS score (Item 1) ≥4 and a sPGA-G score ≥3. ^bAmong pts with a baseline GenPs-SFQ score (Item 2) ≥2 and a sPGA-G score ≥3. ^cP values were based on Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel chi-square test stratified by BSA category. **BSA**=Body surface area, **CI**=Confidence interval, **ICO**=Icotrokinra, **CMI**=clinically meaningful improvement (≥4-point improvement from baseline), **GenPs-SFQ**=Genital Psoriasis Sexual Frequency Questionnaire, **GPSS**=Genital Psoriasis Symptoms Score, **NRS**=Numeric rating scale, **sPGA-G**=Static Physician's Global Assessment of Genitalia, **PBO**=Placebo

Adverse event rates were generally similar between groups through W16

	ICO 200 mg QD (N=208)	PBO (N=103)		
Safety through W16				
Mean weeks of follow-up	16.0	15.7		
Any AE	104 (50%)	43 (42%)		
Most common AEs (≥5%)				
Nasopharyngitis	26 (12%)	11 (11%)		
Upper respiratory tract infection	9 (4%)	5 (5%)		
Headache	6 (3%)	6 (6%)		
SAE ^a	1 (<1%)	2 (2%)		
Infection	59 (28%)	22 (21%)		
Serious infection	0	1 (1%)		
AE leading to discontinuation ^b	4 (2%)	3 (3%)		
Gastrointestinal AEs	15 (7%)	8 (8%)		
Active TB	0	0		
Malignancy ^c	1 (<1%)	0		
aSAEs through W16 included COVID-19 pneumonia, sepsis, sciatica, and acute respiratory failure in the PBO group; and hepatitis in the ICO group. bAEs leading to discontinuation				

^aSAEs through W16 included COVID-19 pneumonia, sepsis, sciatica, and acute respiratory failure in the PBO group; and hepatitis in the ICO group. ^bAEs leading to discontinuation through W16 included COVID-19 pneumonia, psoriatic arthropathy, and psoriasis in the PBO group; and vision blurred, visual field defect, laryngitis fungal, malignant melanoma in situ, and headache in the ICO group. ^cMalignancy reported in the ICO group was malignant melanoma in situ in a pt with a recent personal history of melanoma (in 2021). **AE**=Adverse event, **COVID-19**=Coronavirus disease 2019, **ICO**=Icotrokinra, **PBO**=Placebo, **SAE**=Serious adverse event, **TB**=Tuberculosis, **QD**=Once daily

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